# **ENGINEERING GRAPHICS – II II Semester**

#### **Objective**

## **SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION**

<u>Objective</u>								
At the end of the pract	ice the stud	ents will be ab	ole,					
To state the importance	e of drawin	g.						
To draw the development of surfaces.								
To draw projection of	solids.							
To draw sectional view	ws of solids							
To convert orthograph	ic views to	isometric drav	wing.					
SCHEME OF INSTRUCTION AND EXAMINATION								
Subject	Inst	ruction	Examination					
	Hours /	Hours /						
ENGINEERING	Week	Semester	Marks			Duration		
GRAPHICS - II			Internal	Examination	Total			
	6	96	25	75	100	3 Hrs.		

#### TOPICS AND ALLOCATION

Sl.No.	Topics	Hours.
1	Development of surfaces	18 Hrs.
2	Projection of solids	18 Hrs.
3	Section of Solids	18 Hrs.
4	Isometric projections	33 Hrs.
	Test	9 Hrs.

## **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

<u>Unit-1</u> 18 Hrs.

#### 1.1 Development of surfaces

- 1.1.1 Need for preparing development drawing with reference to sheet metal work Development of cube, cylinder, prism and pyramids, frustum of pyramids and cones Exercises in triangular, square, pentagon and hexagon prisms and pyramids, cylinder and cone.
- 1.1.2 Development of T-pipe, elbow, ducts, tray, lamp shade and funnel.

<u>Unit-2</u> 18 Hrs.

### 2.1 Projection of solids

- 2.1.1 Introduction important terms classification of solids triangular, cube, pentagonal and hexagonal prisms and pyramids solids of revolution cylinder and cone.
- 2.1.2 Projections of solids in simple positions parallel to one plane and perpendicular to other plane projections of solids with axis inclined to HP and parallel to VP projections of solids with axis inclined to VP and parallel to HP Projections of solids with axis parallel to both planes exercises.

<u>Unit - 3</u>

#### 3.1 Section of Solids

- 3.1.1 Introduction section planes apparent section true section sectional view need for sectional view cutting plane cutting plane line procedure for drawing a sectional view.
- 3.1.2 Section plane perpendicular to VP and parallel to HP section plane perpendicular to HP and parallel to VP section plane perpendicular to VP and inclined to HP section plane perpendicular to HP and inclined to VP auxiliary projections of solids showing true shape of section exercises.

<u>Unit - 4</u> 33 Hrs.

#### 4.1 Isometric projections

- 4.1.1 Introduction isometric view isometric projection difference between isometric view and isometric projection isometric scale rectangular construction methods of drawing an isometric view.
- 4.1.2 Angles in Isometric view irregular curves in isometric drawing circles in isometric method four centre method for drawing an ellipse arcs of circles in isometric exercises.

TEST 9 Hrs.

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Gill P.S., "Engineering drawing", S.K.Kataria & Sons.
- 2. Bhat N.D., "Engineering drawing", Charotar Publishing House.

### **Reference Books**

- 1. Venugopal.K, Sreekanjana G, "Engineering Graphics" New Age International Publishers.
- 2. Thomas E.French, Charles J.Vierck, Robert J.Foster, "Engineering drawing and graphic technology", McGraw Hill International Editions.
- 3. Barkinson & Sinha, "First Year Engineering Drawing", Pitman Publishers.
- 4. Shah/Rana, "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Longman.

### **ENGINEERING GRAPHICS – II**

### **II Semester**

# **Learning Structure:**

Problem

To acquire the skill of visualizing, interpreting and drawing the development of solids and components - projection of solids – section of solids and isometric views.

**Procedure** 

Read, understand, visualize, interpret and draw development of surfaces - projection of solids – section of solids and isometric views



**Principles** 

 $\label{lem:projection} \textbf{Development of surfaces - Projection of solids - sectional views - Isometric projection.}$ 



Concept

Reference planes (HP,VP) - locus of points - convention of lines - polygon as per IS Code.



Facts

Various objects, geometric entities, line, arc, circles, drawing instruments

## **Board Examination - Question Pattern**

Time: 3 Hrs. Max.Marks: 75

**Part A** (Answer any three questions. Each questions carries fifteen marks.)  $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

- 1. One question from development of surfaces.
- 2. Two questions form projection of solids.
- 3. One question from section of solids.

Part B

4. Draw isometric view of the component (The object must have inclined and curved parts).

Internal Marks 25

Class work - submission of drawing file - 10

Test (including model examination) - 10

Attendance - 5

Total - 25

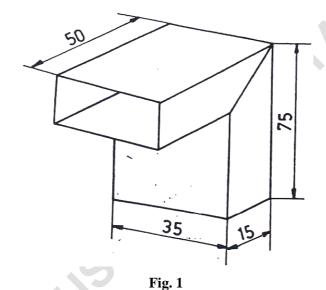
# ENGINEERING GRAPHICS - II MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 1

Time: 3Hours Max. Marks: 75

[N.B. (1) First angle projection is to be followed. (2) All the questions are to be answered in drawing sheet supplied. (3) All dimensions are in mm. (4) Credit will be given for neatness.]

**PART-A** (Answer any three questions. Each question carries fifteen marks.)  $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

1. Draw the development of Duct shown in Fig. 1.



- 2. Draw the projection of a pentagonal prism of base side 20 mm, axis 35 mm when it is resting on the HP on its base with of the edges of the base inclined at  $30^{\circ}$  to the VP.
- 3. A cone of base diameter 60 mm and altitude 80 mm rests on the HP with its axis inclined to the HP and parallel to the VP. Draw its front and top views.
- 4. A hexagonal prism of base side 40 mm and axis length 80 mm is lying on the HP on one of its rectangular faces with its axis inclined at 60° to the VP. It is cut by a plane of which makes 45° with the xy. The cutting plane nearest to the HP is 14 m above it. Draw the front view, sectional top view and the true shape of the section.

Page 1

**PART-B 30** 

5. Draw the isometric view for the orthographic views shown in Fig. 2.

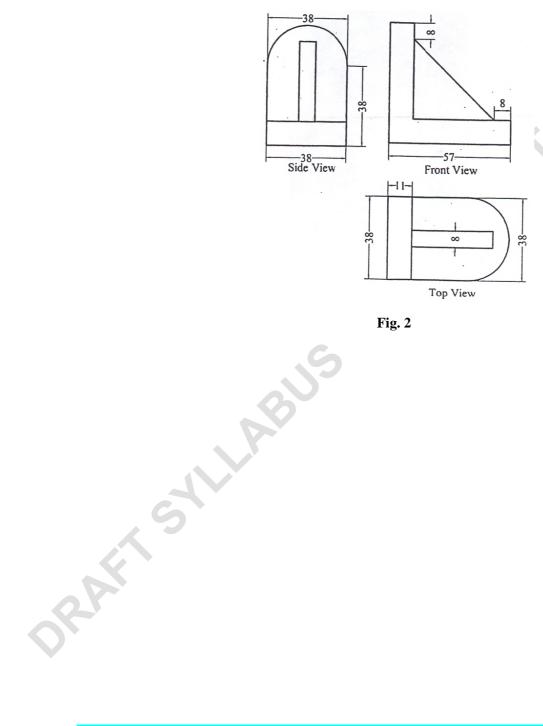


Fig. 2

Page 2

# ENGINEERING GRAPHICS - II MODEL QUESTION PAPER - 2

Time: 3Hours Max. Marks: 75

[N.B. (1) First angle projection is to be followed. (2) All the questions are to be answered in drawing sheet supplied. (3) All dimensions are in mm. (4) Credit will be given for neatness.]

**PART-A** (Answer any three questions. Each question carries fifteen marks.)  $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

- A triangular pyramid of side of base 30 mm and height 60 mm is resting on its base on HP such
  that a triangular face is parallel to VP. It is cut by a plane perpendicular to VP, inclined at 30° to
  HP and passing through a point on the axis 25 mm from the base. Develop the lateral surface of
  the truncated triangular pyramid.
- 2. Draw the projection of a cone of base diameter 50 mm and axis length 70 mm when it lies on the ground on one of its generators with the axis parallel to the VP.
- 3.. A triangular pyramid of base edge 40 mm and altitude 60 mm is resting on the HP on one of its base edges with its axis parallel to both the HP and VP. Draw its front and top view.
- 4. A cylinder of diameter 40 mm and height 60 mm rests on its base on the HP. It is cut by a plane perpendicular to the VP and inclined at  $30^{\circ}$  to the HP. The plane bisects the axis. Draw the front view, sectional top view, end view and true shape of the section.

PART-B

5. Draw the isometric view for the orthographic views shown in Fig. 1.

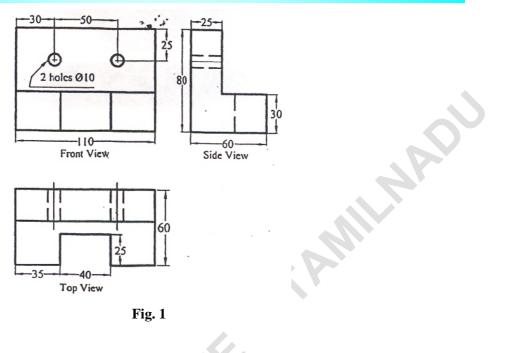


Fig. 1